

DEPARTMENT of ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
Water Supply & Pollution Control Division - Biology Bureau

LAKE TROPHIC DATA

MORPHOMETRIC:

Lake: PEQUAWKET POND, UPPER	Lake Area (ha): 5.75
Town: MADISON	Maximum depth (m): 3.3
County: Carroll	Mean depth (m): 1.9
River Basin: Saco	Volume (m ³): 108500
Latitude: 43°57'15" N	Relative depth: 1.2
Longitude: 71°09'13" W	Shore configuration: 2.12
Elevation (ft): 459	Areal water load (m/yr): 500.0
Shore length (m): 1800	Flushing rate (yr ⁻¹): 265.0
Watershed area (ha): 4921.0	
% watershed ponded: 3.8	Lake type: natural

BIOLOGICAL:

		6 January 1993	27 August 1992
DOM. PHYTOPLANKTON (% TOTAL)	#1	MOUGEOTIA 45%	DINOBRYON 70%
	#2	MELOSIRA 15%	
	#3	TABELLARIA 15%	
PHYTOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (cells/mL)			410
CHLOROPHYLL-A (µg/L)			5.28
DOM. ZOOPLANKTON (% TOTAL)	#1	NO ZOOPLANKTON OBSERVED	KELICOTTIA 51%
	#2		NAUPLIUS LARVA 29%
	#3		CYCLOPOID COPEPODS 12%
ROTIFERS/LITER		<1	133
MICROCRUSTACEA/LITER		<1	100
ZOOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (#/L)		<1	235
VASCULAR PLANT ABUNDANCE			Very abundant
SECCHI DISK TRANSPARENCY (m)			3.3 Visible on bottom
BOTTOM DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L)		12.7	5.5
BACTERIA (E. coli, #/100 ml)	#1		40
	#2		
	#3		

SUMMER THERMAL STRATIFICATION:

weakly stratified

Depth of thermocline (m): None
Hypolimnion volume (m³) : None
Anoxic volume (m³) : None

CHEMICAL:

Lake: PEQUAWKET POND, UPPER
Town: MADISON

	6 January 1993		27 August 1992		
DEPTH (m)	1.5		1.0		2.5
pH (units)	6.2		6.5		6.5
A.N.C. (Alkalinity)	5.3		7.6		8.8
NITRATE NITROGEN	0.04		< 0.02		< 0.02
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	< 0.10		0.16		0.18
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	0.007		0.008		0.009
CONDUCTIVITY (μ mhos/cm)	47.8		48.2		51.7
APPARENT COLOR (cpu)	23		29		27
MAGNESIUM			0.42		
CALCIUM			3.1		
SODIUM			5.0		
POTASSIUM			0.66		
CHLORIDE	8		7		7
SULFATE	3		2		2
TN : TP			20		20
CALCITE SATURATION INDEX			3.5		

All results in mg/L unless indicated otherwise

TROPHIC CLASSIFICATION: 1992

D.O. S.D. PLANT CHL TOTAL CLASS

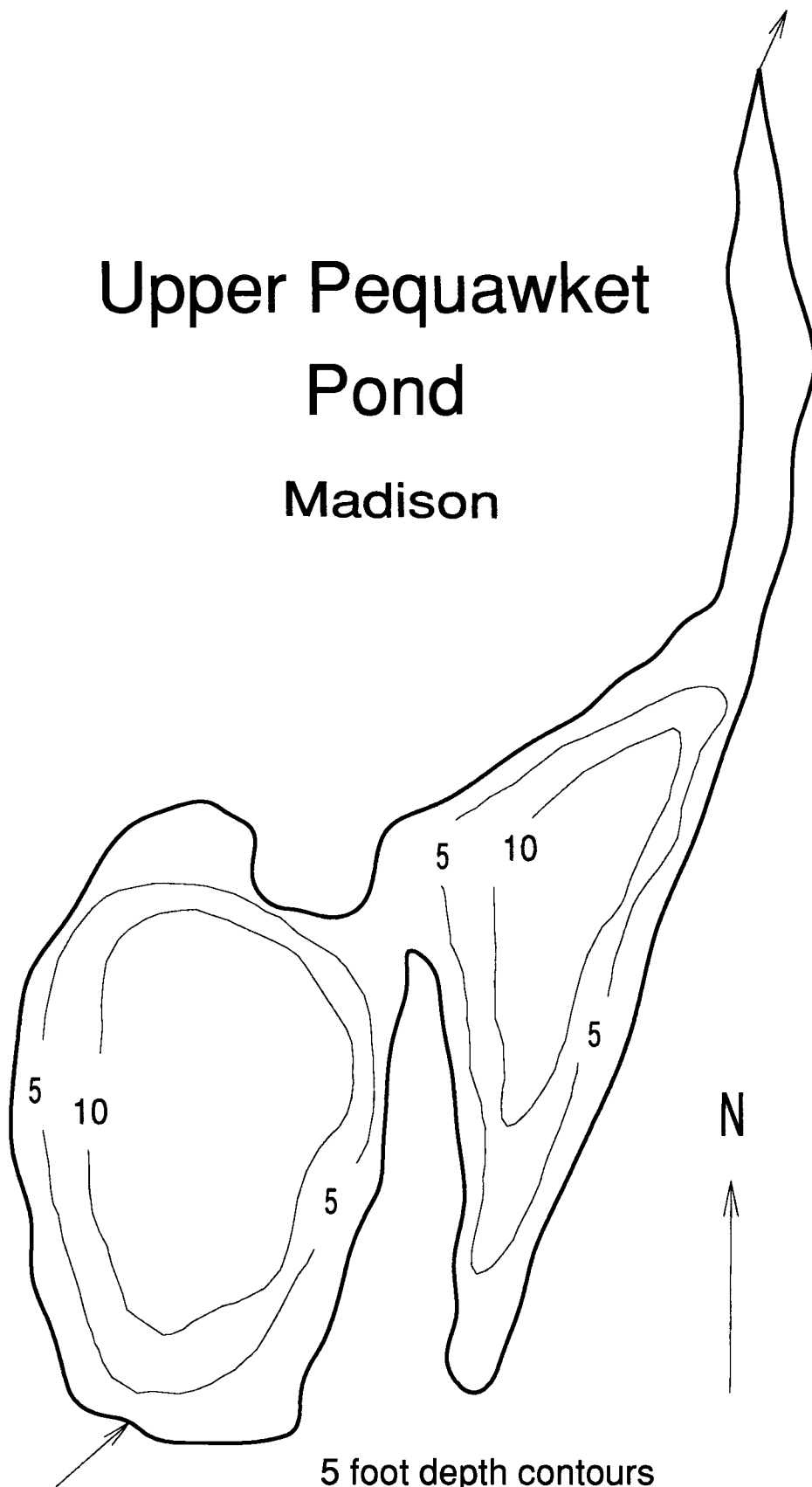
**	2	6	1	9	Meso.
----	---	---	---	---	-------

COMMENTS:

1. Depth soundings were taken by weight and chain -- the abundant plant growth interfered with fathometer use.
2. Cold bottom muds and small dirt areas barren of plant growth suggest the presence of bottom springs.
3. Abandoned railroad tracks passed along the western edge of the pond, with gravel pits on the other side of the tracks.
4. Dominant wholewater phytoplankton genera were Cryptomonas (20%) and tiny green flagellates (15%). Dominant classes were cryptomonads (30%) and greens (25%).

Upper Pequawket Pond

Madison



5 foot depth contours

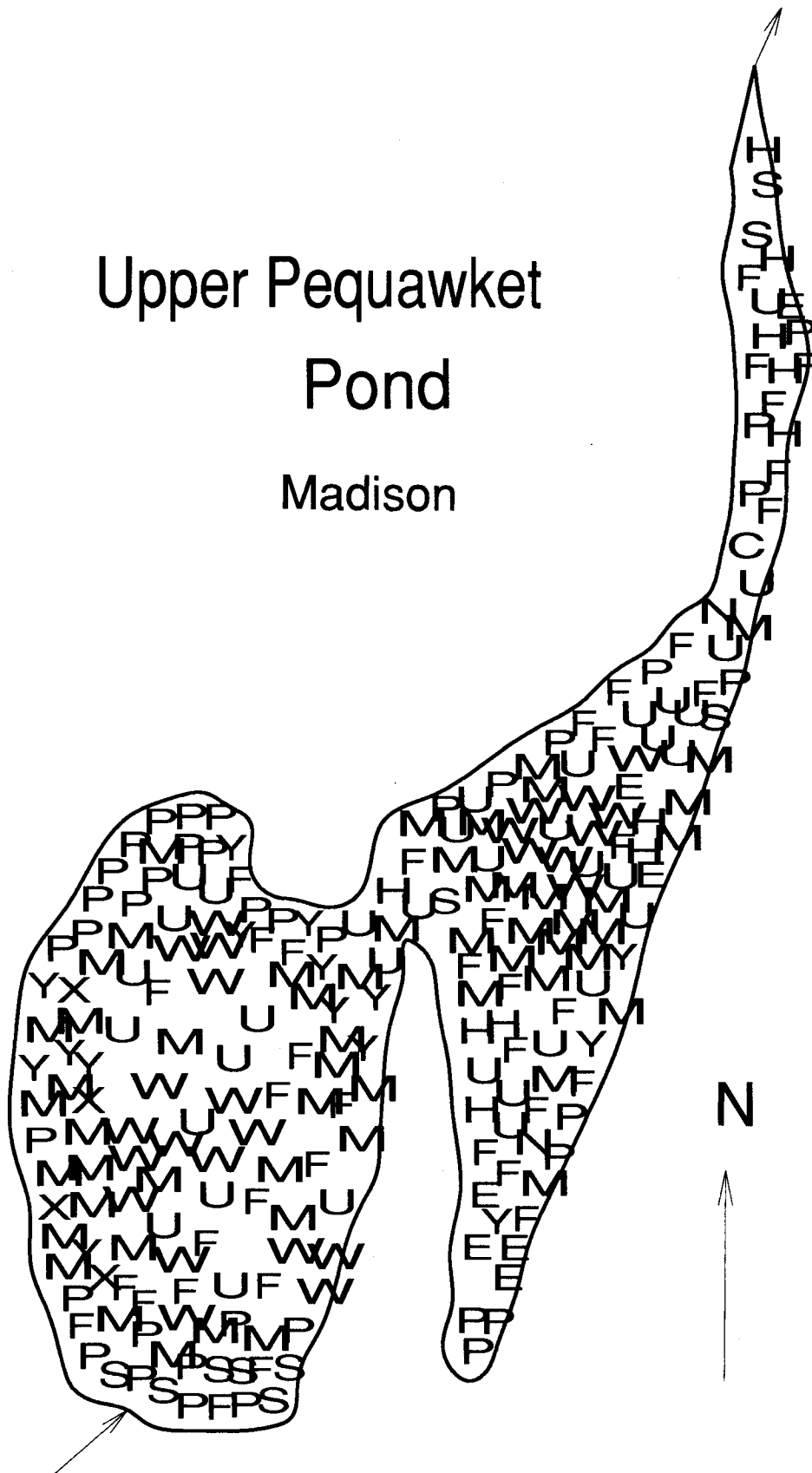
0 0.1

Km

III-220

Upper Pequawket Pond

Madison



0 0.1

Km

[illegible]